

North Korean Hackers Linked to New FakePenny Ransomware

Date: 30th May 2024 | Severity: High

Summary

Microsoft has revealed the deployment of a new "FakePenny" ransomware variant by a North Korean threat actor, targeting organizations across the software, information technology, education, and defense industrial base sectors for espionage and monetary gains.

Microsoft researchers have discovered a new North Korean threat actor, now known as Moonstone Sleet (formerly Storm-1789). This actor targets companies for financial and cyberespionage purposes by utilizing a variety of well-established tactics also employed by other North Korean threat actors as well as original attack methodologies. In order to interact with possible targets, Moonstone Sleet is known to build fake companies and job opportunities, use trojanized copies of legitimate tools, create malicious games, and distribute brandnew customized ransomware.

The ransomware comprises a straightforward loader and encryptor module. While North Korean threat groups have previously created custom ransomware, "this is the first time we have observed this threat actor deploying ransomware," according to Microsoft.

Attack Vectors

- Moonstone Sleet employs a variety of methods to achieve its financial and espionage goals. The group has been seen creating fake companies, using trojanized versions of legitimate tools, and even developing malicious games to infiltrate targets. Their rapid evolution and adaptation of techniques are notable.
- Moonstone Sleet distributed a compromised version of PuTTY, an open-source terminal emulator, through platforms like LinkedIn, Telegram, and freelancing websites.
- The trojanized software decrypted and executed embedded malware when users provided an IP and password found in a text document within the malicious Zip file sent by the threat actor. A similar technique was used by another North Korean actor, Diamond Sleet.
- Moonstone Sleet has also targeted victims using malicious "npm" packages distributed via freelancing sites
 and social media, often masquerading as technical assessments that lead to additional malware downloads
 when executed.

Indicator of compromise

INDICATOR TYPE	INDICATORS
File Hash	 f59035192098e44b86c4648a0de4078edbe80352260276f4755d15d354f5fc58 cb97ec024c04150ad419d1af2d1eb66b5c48ab5f345409d9d791db574981a3fb 39d7407e76080ec5d838c8ebca5182f3ac4a5f416ff7bda9cbc4efffd78b4ff5 70c5b64589277ace59db86d19d846a9236214b48aacabbaf880f2b6355ab5260 cafaa7bc3277711509dc0800ed53b82f645e86c195e85fbf34430bbc75c39c24 9863173e0a45318f776e36b1a8529380362af8f3e73a2b4875e30d31ad7bd3c1 f66122a3e1eaa7dcb7c13838037573dace4e5a1c474a23006417274c0c8608be 09d152aa2b6261e3b0a1d1c19fa8032f215932186829cfcca954cc5e84a6cc38 56554117d96d12bd3504ebef2a8f28e790dd1fe583c33ad58ccbf614313ead8c ecce739b556f26de07adbfc660a958ba2dca432f70a8c4dd01466141a6551146
Domains	 bestonlinefilmstudio[.]org blockchain-newtech[.]com ccwaterfall[.]com chaingrown[.]com defitankzone[.]com detankwar[.]com freenet-zhilly[.]org matrixane[.]com pointdnt[.]com starglowventures[.]com mingeloem[.]com detankwar[.]com

Recommendation

- Detect human-operated ransomware attacks with Microsoft Defender XDR.
- Enable controlled folder access.
- Ensure that tamper protection is enabled in Microsoft Dender for Endpoint.
- Enable network protection in Microsoft Defender for Endpoint.
- Follow the credential hardening recommendations in our on-premises credential theft overview to defend against common credential theft techniques like LSASS access.
- Run endpoint detection and response (EDR) in block mode.
- Turn on cloud-delivered protection in Microsoft Defender Antivirus

NOTE: The recommended settings/controls should be implemented after due shall be tested on Pre-Prod or test environment before implementing. diligence and impact analysis.

Reference Links

- https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/security/blog/2024/05/28/moonstone-sleet-emerges-as-new-north-korean-threat-actor-with-new-bag-of-tricks/
- https://www.bleepingcomputer.com/news/microsoft/microsoft-links-moonstone-sleet-north-korean-hackers-to-new-fakepenny-ransomware/